

PUBLIC PERCEPTION OF TRANSPORTATION FEES IN NORTH CAROLINA



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Study Overview

- Challenges to the long-term sustainability of revenue streams
- Public perceptions of transportation taxes and fees vary by demographics
- Many states are exploring alternative funding mechanisms
- Survey was designed to better understand how the public perceives transportation taxes and fees
- Support exists for increasing road funding, preference exists for the gas tax, but support exists to diversify funding sources



Findings from Similar Studies Across the Country

	Dependent Variable	Support for Tolls	Support for Increased Fuel Tax	Support for Increased Fuel Tax	Support for Variable VMT (By Vehicle Type)	Support for VMT	Willingness to pay for road improvements	Willingness to pay Toll to be free of delays	Support for Increased Fuel Tax
Independent Variable	Age (Older)	(-)	(+)	*	(-)	*	*	*	(+)
	Education (Higher Levels of Education = 1)	(+)	(+)	(+)	*	*	(+)		(+)
	Employment (Employed = 1)	*	*			*		*	
	Gender (Male = 1)	*	*	(+)	(-)	*	*	*	(+)
	Income (Higher Income)			(+)	*		(+)	(+)	(+)
	Miles Driven (More miles driven)			*	*	*	*		(+)
	Opinion of Government Investment in Transportation Funding (Favorable Opinion = 1)		*	(+)	(+)				(+)
	Party Affiliation (Democrat = 1)	(-)	(+)	(+)	(+)	(+)	(+)		(+)
	General Level of Support	28%	29%	36%	19%	21%	38%	24%	40%
	Location of Study (Author, Year)	Virginia (Yusuf, 2018)		National (Nixon/ Agrawal, 2018)		National (Duncan, 2017)	California and Michigan (Fisher/ Wassmer, 2016)	Virginia (Yusuf, 2014)	California (Weinstein/ Dill, 2007)

* Indicates the variable was included in the model but was found to be insignificant

(+) Indicates the variable was **positively** correlated with the dependent variable

Indicates the variable was **negatively** correlated with the dependent variable



2019 Public Perception Survey

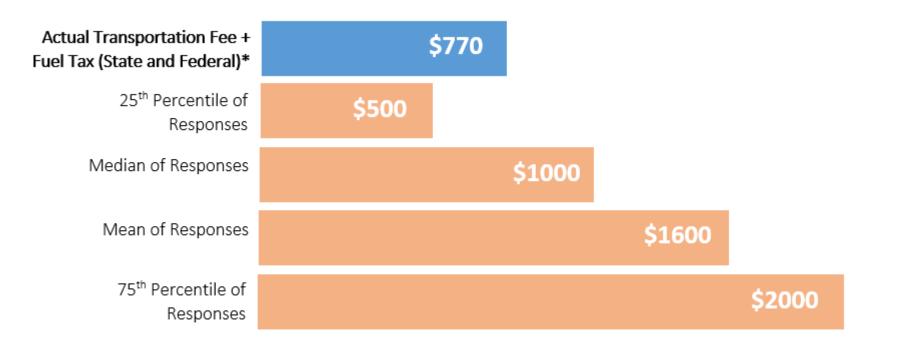


Mode = Mail & Web using address based sampling & demographic targets

Weights were applied to collected data to ensure sample demographics accurately represent adult NC population (Census)



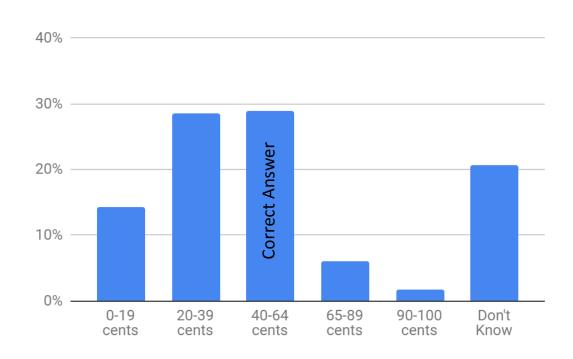
According to the 2018 statewide customer survey, close to 75% of North Carolinians believed they are currently spending more than they actually do in transportation fees/taxes



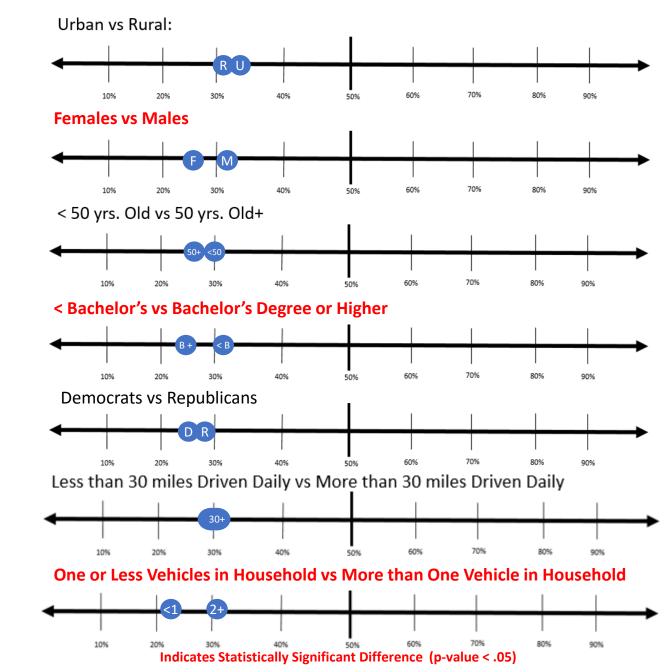


*Tasaico, July 12, 2019 NC FIRST Commission Presentation

Estimates of the Current State + Federal Gas Tax Rate per Gallon of Gas

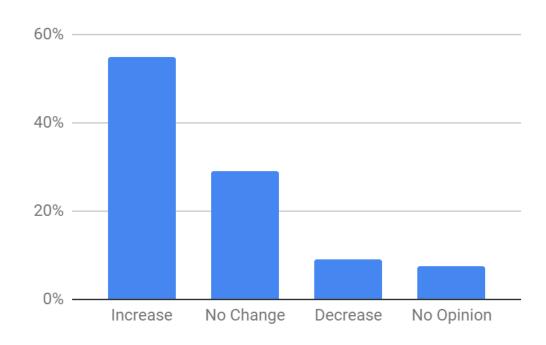


Percentage of Group Who Responded Accurately

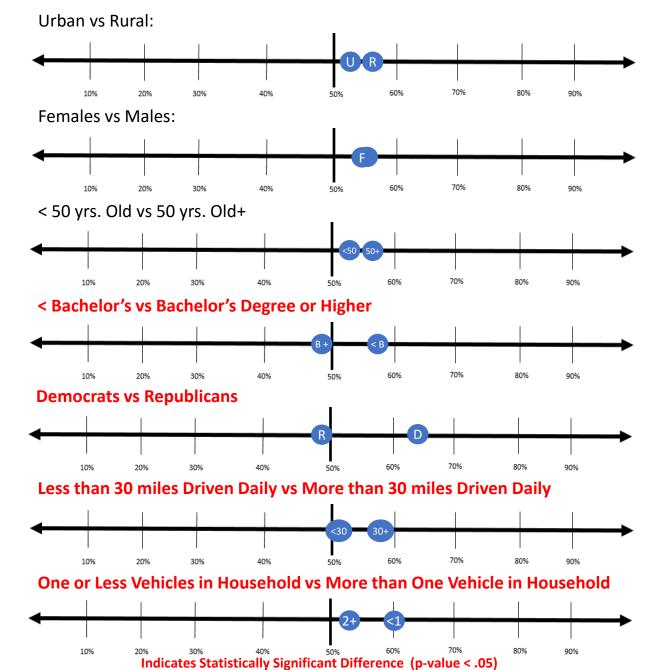




Majority Supports Increasing Transportation Spending

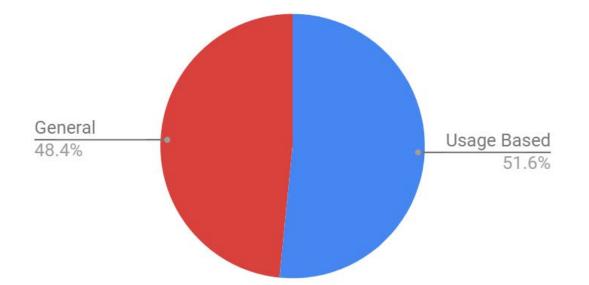


Support Funding Increase, Difference by Group





Where Should Road Funding Come From?



General Taxes: General sales tax, property tax, vehicle property tax **Usage Based Fees**: Fees from gasoline, tolls, or miles driven

Preferred Usage-Based, Difference by Group **Urban vs Rural Females vs Males** 809 90% < 50 yrs. Old vs 50 yrs. Old+ 90% < Bachelor's vs Bachelor's Degree or Higher **Democrats vs Republicans** Less than 30 miles Driven Daily vs More than 30 miles Driven Daily One or Less Vehicles in Household vs More than One Vehicle in Household

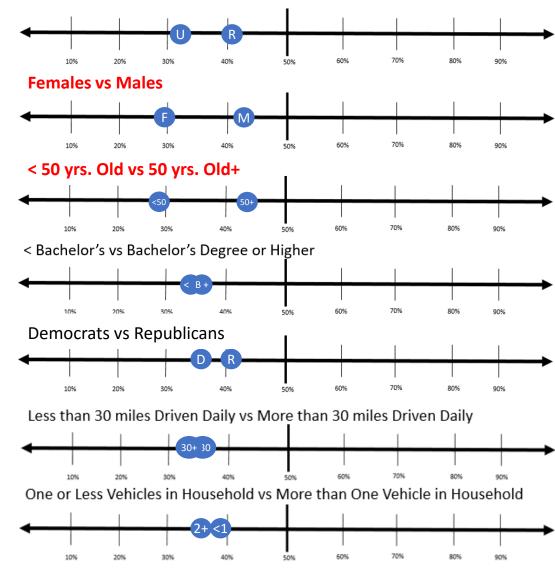


Preference Ranking for How Transportation Should be Funded: By Amount of Fuel Used, Miles Driven or Vehicle Weight



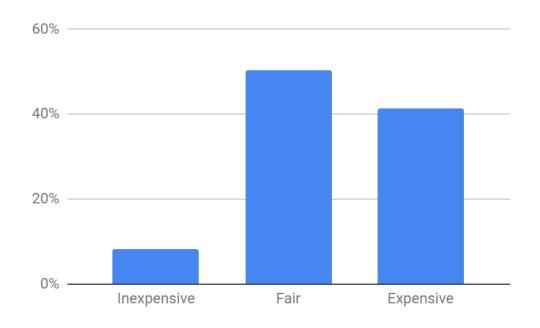
Selected Most for Fuel Used, Difference by Group

Urban vs Rural





Perceived fairness of paying \$400 in gas tax annually to drive 15,000 miles

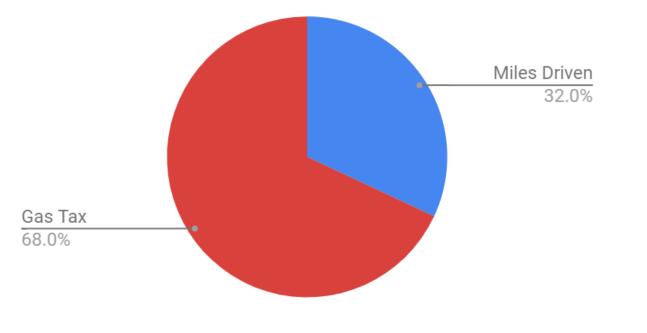


Considered Fair, Difference by Group

Urban vs Rural: 50% **Females vs Males** < 50 yrs. Old vs 50 yrs. Old+ < Bachelor's vs Bachelor's Degree or Higher **Democrats vs Republicans** Less than 30 miles Driven Daily vs More than 30 miles Driven Daily One or Less Vehicles in Household vs More than One Vehicle in Household 105



Preference for Transportation Funding: Gas Tax Versus Vehicle Miles Driven

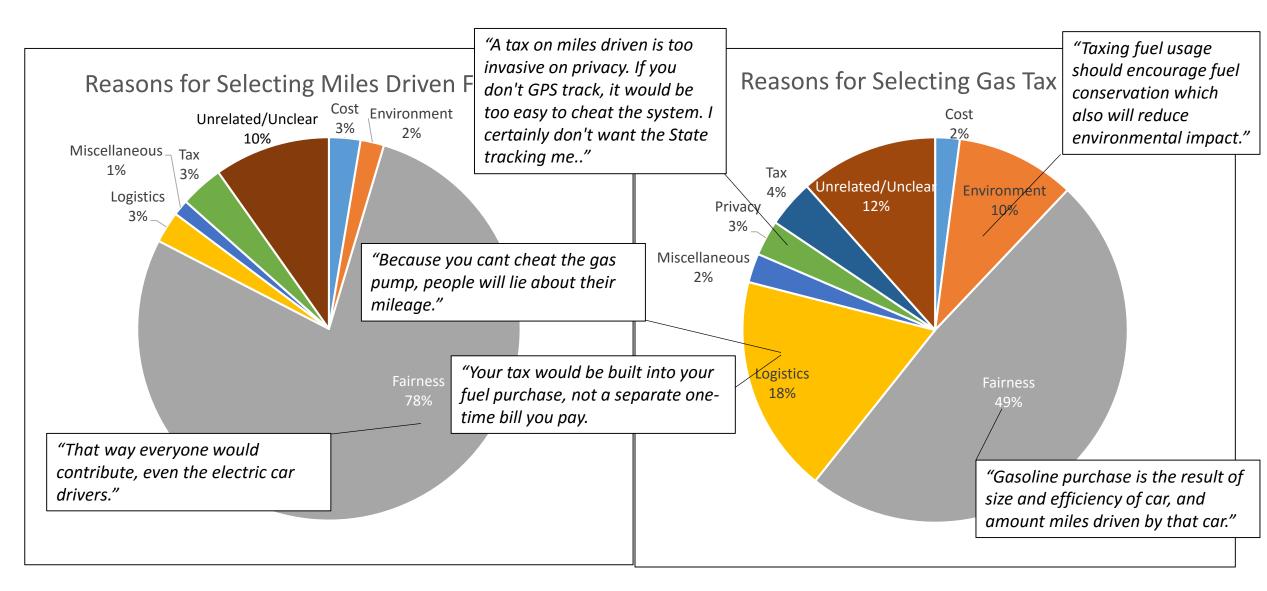




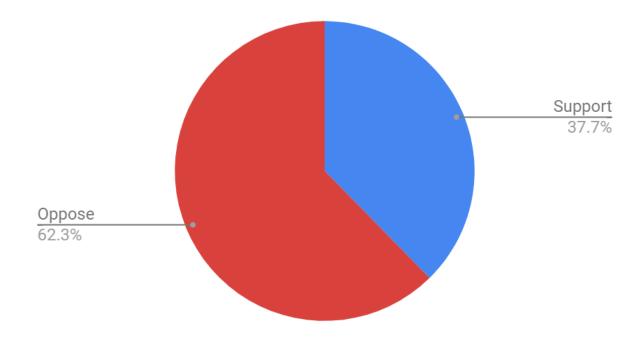
Preferred Miles Driven, Difference by Group



Reasons for Selecting Gas Tax or Miles Driven Fee

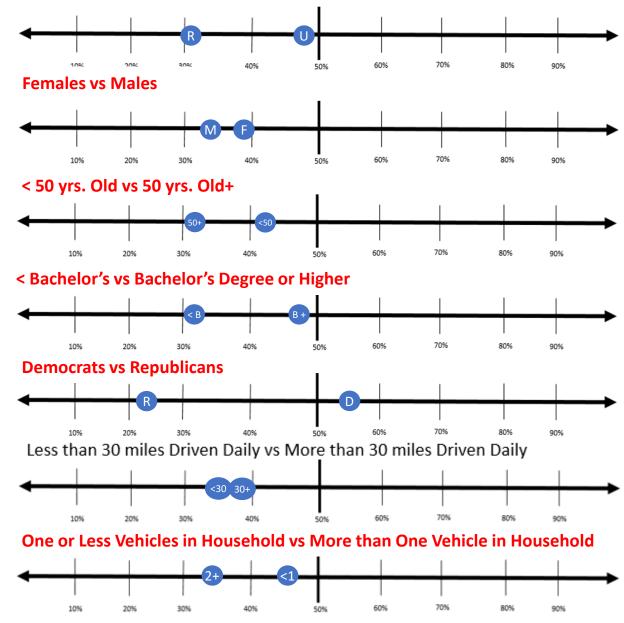


Do you Support Hybrid Vehicle Drivers Paying Less in Tax Due to Higher Fuel Efficiency?

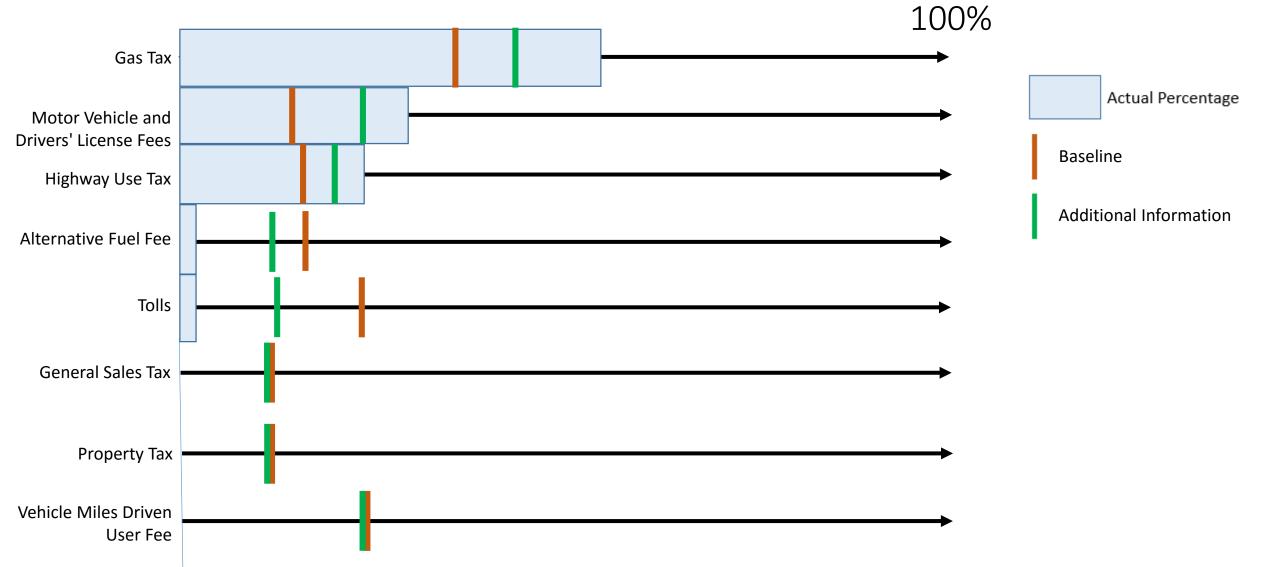




Supported Statement, Difference by Group Urban vs Rural



How much should each of these potential revenue sources contribute to NC roads?



Summary

North Carolinians, in general (Majority):

- Support increasing transportation funding
- Have a preference for the gas tax, but support diversity of funding sources
- Do not know the current gas tax rate or believe that it is lower than it actually is
- Are split as to whether road funding should come from general taxes or usage based fees
- Believe that \$400 a year in gas tax is a fair amount of money to travel 15,000 miles
- Hold similar beliefs on these opinions despite being from urban or rural counties